



Progress towards Proportionate regulation for Biocontrol Technologies

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October 2018
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1

Current data requirements (DRs) and Uniform principles (UPs)

Drafted for chemicals, not for biologicals: many DRs are deemed inadequate or unworkable

2

DRs for microorganisms date back to 2001

Not been updated by Regs (EU) Nos 283 and 284/2013, unlike DRs for chemicals

3

DRs and UPs for microorganisms are not fully harmonised

Example: Living microorganisms in PPP DRs, but viable and non viable in UPs



1

Proportionate Regulation: Dual Track

Reg. 1107/2009 – Amend data requirements
New Biologicals regulation

2

Reg. 1107/2009 Data Requirements

New data requirements under preparation
by EU COM with MS – IBMA encouraged to
make decision tree

3

Push for New Regulation

Revise White Paper after REFIT
IBMA-member endorsement
Seek alignment with MSs (e.g. NL)





IBMA White Paper reviews the following

1

Competent Authorities in other regions

Review of regulation of biologicals by other authorities **around the world**

2

Other Regulated Products in Europe

Assessment of e.g. medicines to see what other solutions may be available

3

Regulation of Products from SMEs

Review how SMEs are treated and what assistance is provided to SMEs

4

Speedy Approvals and Provisional Authorisations

What routes to speedy authorizations exist in other legislations?





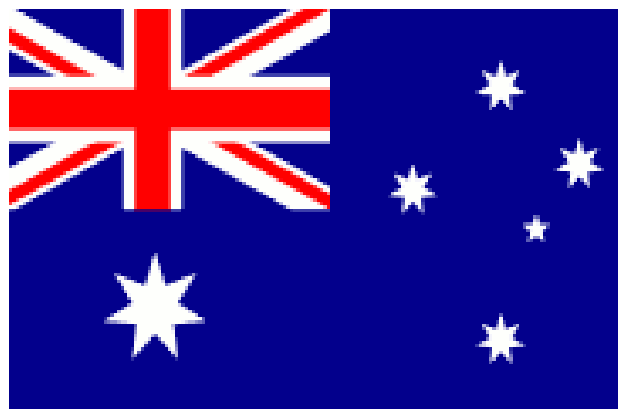
What can we
learn from
other
regulatory
authorities?



- ✓ Register within 2 years
- ✓ Separate evaluation route for MOs and biochemicals
- ✓ Proportionate DRs



- ✓ Specific legislation
- ✓ Case-by-case evaluation
- ✓ Flexibility in DRs



The Key Messages of the White Paper

Other regulations
in Europe support
SMEs

Other regulations
in Europe offer
provisional
authorisation

Regulated biological PPPs
in other regions operate
fast-track and have
delivered more products

Other regulations
in Europe work
on a notification
basis



→ [Regulatory Framework Review](#)





Provisions for medicines give leads for bioprotectants

- ☞ Accelerated assessment
- ☞ Provisions for unmet medical needs (PRIME-Scheme)
- ☞ Conditional marketing approval
- ☞ Positive benefit-risk balance
- ☞ Specific approach to biosimilars

What can we learn
from regulation of
other Products?

Medicinal Products
Regulation



Netherlands:
Proactive approach to
improving dossier
preparation and speed
through the registration
process

ctgb

College voor toelating van
gewasbeschermingsmiddelen en
biociden



Germany:
Article 53 derogation
for wireworm
protection in potatoes
based on *Metarhizium*
or baculovirus vs Tuta

Belgium and SC PAFF:
Fast-track evaluation for
weak strain pepino virus
to reinforce immunity
to Pepino mosaic virus
(PepMV) in tomato



What can we learn
about support for
SMEs and quicker
PPP approvals?



IBMA White Paper 2018

Ideal regulation would Deliver



Success in 4 areas

- Dedicated Data Requirements
- Dedicated Uniform Principles
- Specialist evaluators
- Specialist peer review



More difficult

- Labelling to acknowledge low-risk or similar
- A separate regulation specific for Biological PPPs



Very difficult

- Provisional Authorisation





Current situation

EU COM response to continued demand by IBMA and EP and need for green solutions



Revision of data requirements

IBMA Board meeting with DG SANTE senior level on 30th April 2019

DG SANTE in EU WG on BioPesticides in May 2019

DG SANTE Pesticides Team at IBMA Annual Assembly in May 2019

IBMA Secretariat meeting with DG SANTE Biopesticides Team in September 2019

EU COM started work on DRs for microbials Meetings with MSs in July, August, September ...

EU COM Expert Meeting on Biopesticides – IBMA presentation on Microbials Decision Tree in November 2019





Way forward

EU COM response to continued demand by IBMA and EP and need for green solutions



Microbials data requirements

EU WG on Biopesticides – IBMA MS EU COM
Further review data requirements
in January 2020

EU COM Expert Meeting on Biopesticides – IBMA MS
EU COM review of data requirements
in May 2020

Consultation on New Data requirements
in June 2019

SCoPAFF sign-off
in October 2020



IBMA Work on Decision Trees

Initial Timelines



Microbials and Natural Substances

Delayed schedule for Semiochemicals:



July/August

Set up ad hoc groups



September

Convene group - prepare proposal for decision tree - circulate for commenting



October

Consider comments – finalise decision tree – present it to IBMA PGs at ABIM



November

Stress test Workshop



December

Target submission to EU COM

Launch at ABIM 2019 → delivery in June 2020



IBMA Work on Decision Trees

NEW Timelines



Microbials and Natural Substances

Delayed schedule for **Semiochemicals**:



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Presentation to EU COM



January

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**Priority subject of high
importance**

IBMA Work on decision trees

Organisation

General decision tree and 5 section trees:

Identity / Biology

Human health (Toxicology)

Residues

E-fate

Non-target Organisms

Contributors

Natural substances:

Lead: Chair & Co-chair

24 participating + 6 corresponding experts

Microbials:

Lead: Chair

30 participants



IBMA expectation

for Data Requirements and Uniform Principles

Decision trees shall

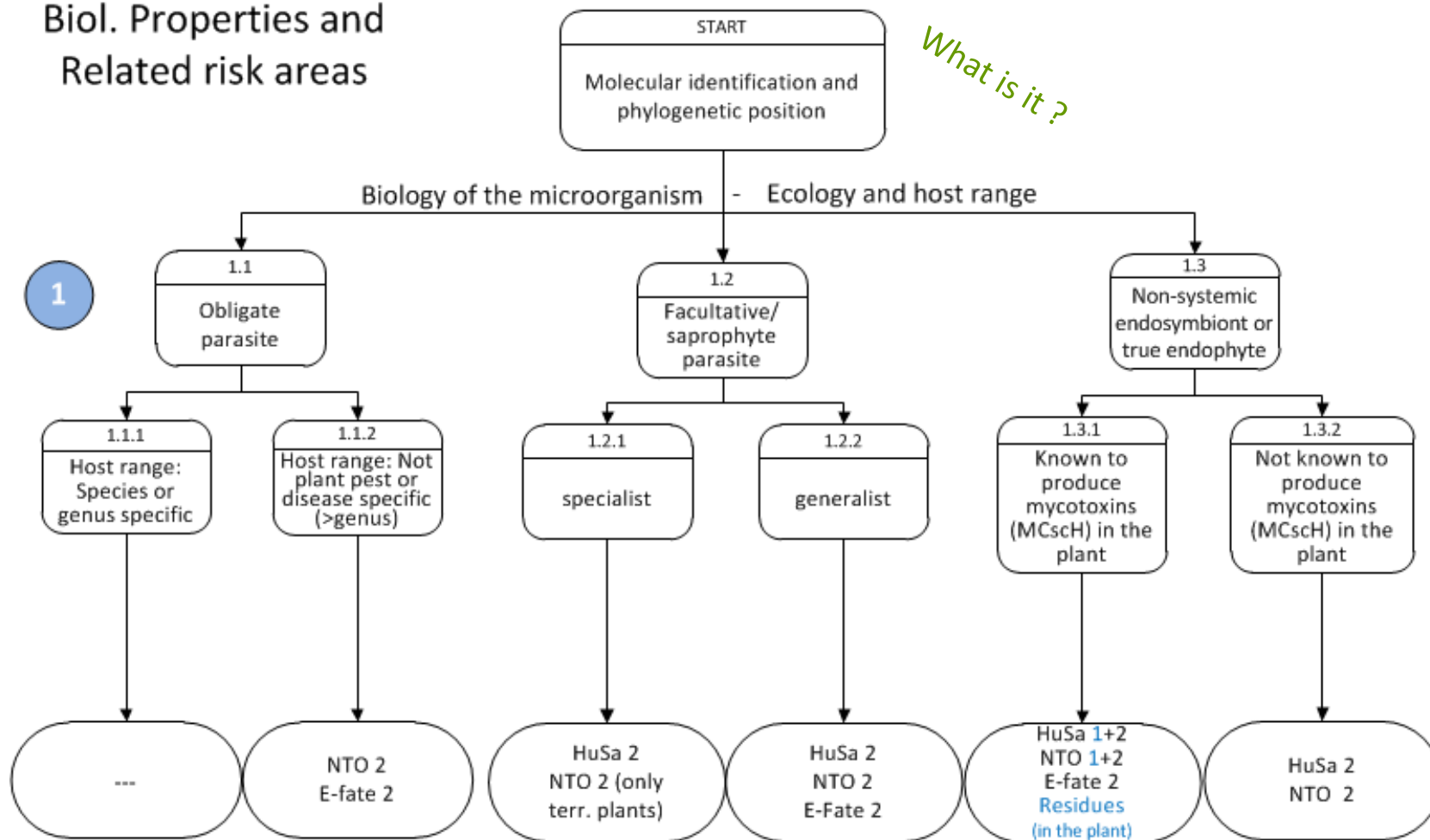
- ☞ Allow simplified approach with increased reliability
- ☞ Focus on relevant DRs, avoid unworkable DRs
 - ⇒ Focused assessments ⇒ reduced work and time

Moving from
regulatory science
to scientific science



Ecology and Biology of microorganisms

DRAFT 4 Biol. Properties and Related risk areas



Decision tree biological properties

Clear up to date phylogenetic information is the starting point for the literature assessment

The relevance for the strain under evaluation needs to be clear

Biology of the microorganism
Defines ecology and host range

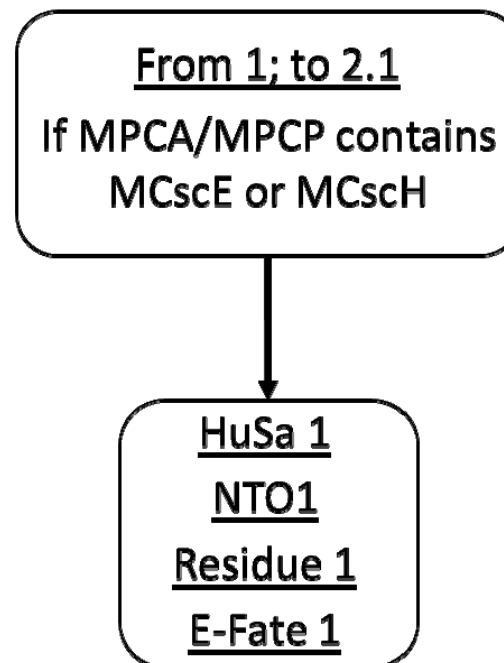
All decisions need to be taken based on reliable data from published literature, internal studies, or “formal” studies.

MCscH - Microbial produced compounds that may be of safety concern for **humans** captured on a list, which is kept up-to-date.

MCscE: Microbial produced compounds that may be of safety concern for the **environment** including vertebrates captured on a list, which is kept up to date.

Decision tree biological properties

Microbial compounds known to be present in the MPCP?





Decision Tree Conclusions

1

Hazards are identified based on understanding of the **biology and ecology** of the microorganism

2

The tiered approach progresses dependant on the **outcome of identified risk**

3

The IBMA proposal for Decision Tree is still under development



Conclusions

1

EU COM is working with Member States on revision of data requirements for microbials

2

IBMA has opportunity to contribute decision trees on relevant risk areas

3

EU COM proposal for revised data requirements for microbials will be completed in 2020

What Next?

IBMA will review **White Paper** in the light of REFIT and make the necessary proposals for changes to **semiochemicals** and natural substances





Thank you

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